

The Canadian Entomologist

Instructions to authors

General

Articles for publication in *The Canadian Entomologist* are accepted in either English or French. Manuscripts from all disciplines of entomology will be considered, unless they have been submitted for prior or simultaneous publication elsewhere. Manuscripts must contain significant new findings of fundamental and (or) general entomological interest. Low priority is given to confirmatory studies, such as investigations of local interest, techniques (unless of broad application), range extensions, and new records. Authors should deposit voucher specimens, documenting the identity of the organisms studied, in recognized institutions and to note these repositories in their papers. Information on voucher specimens is available at: <http://www.biology.ualberta.ca/bsc/briefs/brvouchers.htm>

Types of paper

Reviews (10–15 printed pages) should deal with topics of general interest or current importance, and should be synthetic rather than comprehensive in emphasis. Reviews will be solicited by the Editor-in-Chief. Proposal for unsolicited reviews can be e-mailed to the Editor-in-Chief.

Articles should report the results of original observations or research in any aspect of entomology. The material should not have been previously published elsewhere, except in a preliminary form. Non-analytical items such as lists of specimens or bibliographies will normally not be considered.

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General

Manuscripts that do not conform to the requirements outlined below will be returned to the author(s) for modification. Manuscripts should be **double-spaced throughout** (including footnotes, captions, synonymies, and reference lists) and should contain only 12-point font, and all margins should be at least 35 mm. The first page of the manuscript should have only the title and the authors' names, affiliations, telephone and fax numbers, and e-mail addresses. Each page of the manuscript should have the first author's name and the page number in the upper right-hand corner. Pages should be numbered sequentially to the very last page, including pages with tables, figures, and appendices. Line numbers are requested, and should be numbered sequentially from page 2 (Abstract). Spelling of English words should conform to the usage recommended in either the *Oxford English Dictionary* or *Webster's Third New International Dictionary*. Use *The Torre-Bueno Glossary of Entomology* (1989 or later) as a reference for definitions of entomological terms. Dates in the text should be written as 1 April 1991, 28 June 2003, *etc.* Dates in Type material or Material examined sections of taxonomic papers should be written 1.iv.1991, 28.vi.2003, *etc.*, except when in quotes. In the text, figures are cited as "(Fig. 1)", "(Figs. 1–5)", *etc.* Footnotes should be kept to an absolute minimum. Where essential, they should be typed at the bottom of the page to which they refer and separated from the text by a line.

All genus- and species-level taxa should include scientific authorities when mentioned first in the abstract and in the body of the text (but not in the title). For arthropods they should be followed by the order and family placement (*e.g.*, "the genus *Strobilomyia* Michelsen (Diptera: Anthomyiidae), including *Strobilomyia varia* (Huckett)"), whereas for plants they should be followed only by family placement (*e.g.*, "*Quercus velutina* Lamarck (Fagaceae)"). When using common names for insects, the official Entomological Society of Canada list (*Common Names of Insects in Canada*, computer disk available from the Entomological Society of Canada, 393 Winston Avenue, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K2A 1Y8, or online from <http://www.esc-sec.ca/ee/index.php/cndb>) should be followed.

Abbreviations and symbols for words, phrases, and terms are in general those recommended in *Scientific Style and Format: The CBE Style Manual for Authors, Editors, and Publishers*, Sixth Edition (1994) (Council of Biology Editors, Inc., Chicago, Illinois 60603, United States of America). The Système international d'unités (SI) for measurements and weights should be used. This system is explained and other useful information is given in the *Metric Practice Guide* (2000), published by the Canadian Standards Association (178 Rexdale Boulevard, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M9W 1R3).

Taxonomic papers must conform to requirements of the *International Code of Zoological Nomenclature* (The International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature 1999, The Natural History Museum, Cromwell Road, London, United Kingdom SW7 5BD). Authors are urged to regroup pertinent information on newly described or revised taxa under the following main sections (if applicable), which preferably should be introduced in the order given here: Synonyms, Type material or Material examined, Etymology, Diagnosis, Description, Variation, Biology, Hosts and distribution, and Discussion (Comments or Remarks). When describing a new taxon (species or genus), authors are to place the taxon in proper context by providing a key or a modified couplet of an existing key, where possible. When proposing formal supraspecific taxa, authors must justify these using cladistic methods. Ideally a formal cladistic analysis will be conducted, but in exceptional cases a list of synapomorphic character states with documentation of plesiomorphic character states in the outgroup(s) will be acceptable. Authors are encouraged to provide information on holotypes as it appears on labels.

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When the name of an organism is given in the title, use either its common name or its scientific name (without scientific authority), not both. All types of papers must be preceded by an abstract no longer than 200 words. A French translation of the abstract is desirable; it should be provided with the submitted manuscript or with the final revision. **If a French translation of publication quality is not provided by the author(s), an extra charge of \$50.00 (\$20.00 for notes) will be applied.**

Acknowledgements

These should be restrained and grouped in a separate paragraph at the end of the text.

References

Citation of references in the text should be in the form “Klimaszewski (2003) showed”, “(Klimaszewski 2003)”, “(Walker 1976, 1978)”, or “(Walker 1976; Allen 1977a, 1977b)”. The reference list should be in alphabetical order of authors at the end of the manuscript. The names of serials and periodicals cited should be **written out in full**. The full title for each reference and the complete pagination for all items except books must be given. Pages or figures should not be cited in the Reference list but, if necessary, in the text as “(Nealis and Turnquist 2003, p. 906, Fig. 1)”. Use the following formats for listing references.

Article:

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Book:

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Conference:

Knudson, A. 1996. Evaluation of the biosprayer for the application of *Trichogramma* to cotton. *In Proceedings of the Beltwide Cotton Conference, Nashville, Tennessee, 9–12 January 1996. Edited by P. Dugger and D. Richter. National Cotton Council, Memphis, Tennessee. pp. 788–791.*

Chapter in a book:

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Journal article with DOI:

Wahlberg, N., Oliveira, R., and Scott, J.A. 2003. Phylogenetic relationships of *Phyciodes* butterfly species (Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae): complex mtDNA variation and species delimitations. *Systematic Entomology*, **28(2)**: 257–273. doi:10.1046/j.1365-3113.2003.00212.x.

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Web site citation:

Peck, S.B., and Newton, A.F. 2001. The leiodid beetles of Costa Rica [online]. Available from <http://www.inbio.ac.cr/papers/leiodidae/index.html> [accessed 4 January 2006].

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